# Medical Drug Clinical Criteria

Subject:	Tryngolza (olezarser	ו)		
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Overview				

This document addresses the use of Tryngolza (olezarsen), an antisense oligonucleotide targeting *APOC3* mRNA that is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as an adjunct to diet to reduce triglycerides in adults with familial chylomicronemia syndrome (FCS). Tryngolza is administered via subcutaneous injection once monthly.

Familial chylomicronemia syndrome (FCS) is a rare genetic disorder caused by a pathogenic mutation in the lipoprotein lipase (LPL) gene or one of its cofactors [apolipoprotein C-II (APOC2), apolipoprotein A-V (APOA5), high-density lipoprotein binding protein 1 (GP1HBP1), lipase maturation factor 1 (LMF1)]. Deficiency in LPL activity impairs catabolism of triglyceride-rich lipoproteins like chylomicrons. This leads to very severe hypertriglyceridemia that is associated with recurrent episodes of pancreatitis. Current treatment includes limiting dietary fat to less than or equal to 20 grams per day. Drugs approved for lowering triglycerides are generally ineffective in individuals with FCS.

The clinical efficacy of Tryngolza was assessed in a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial in 66 adults with genetically identified familial chylomicronemia syndrome. Inclusion parameters required a fasting triglyceride level greater than or equal to 880 mg/dL and a willingness to adhere to a diet consisting of less than or equal to 20 grams of fat per day. 71% of study participants had a history of acute pancreatitis within the previous 10 years. The primary end point was percent change in fasting triglyceride level at 6 months and favored the 80 mg Tryngolza dose compared to placebo.

# **Clinical Criteria**

When a drug is being reviewed for coverage under a member's medical benefit plan or is otherwise subject to clinical review (including prior authorization), the following criteria will be used to determine whether the drug meets any applicable medical necessity requirements for the intended/prescribed purpose.

# Tryngolza (olezarsen)

Initial requests for Tryngolza (olezarsen) may be approved if the following criteria are met:

- I. Individual is 18 years of age or older; AND
- II. Individual has a diagnosis of familial chylomicronemia syndrome; AND
- III. Documentation is provided that diagnosis has been demonstrated by a pathogenic gene mutation in *LPL*, *APOC2*, *APOA5*, *GPIHBP1* or *LMF1* (Stroes 2024); **AND**
- IV. Documentation is provided that individual has a fasting triglyceride level greater than or equal to 500 mg/dL (Grundy 2018); AND
- V. Individual will be using Tryngolza (olezarsen) in combination with a very low-fat diet (less than 20 gm per day of fat).

Continuation requests for Tryngolza (olezarsen) may be approved if the following criteria are met:

- I. Individual has a diagnosis of familial chylomicronemia syndrome; AND
- II. Documentation is provided that diagnosis has been demonstrated by a pathogenic gene mutation in *LPL*, *APOC2*, *APOA5*, *GPIHBP1* or *LMF1* (Stroes 2024); **AND**

- III. Documentation is provided that there is a clinically significant reduction in fasting triglyceride level with Tryngolza (olezarsen) therapy; **AND**
- IV. Individual is using Tryngolza (olezarsen) in combination with a very low-fat diet (less than 20 gm per day of fat).

Approval Duration Initial: 6 months Continuation: 1 year

# **Quantity Limits**

### Tryngolza (olezarsen) Quantity Limit

Drug	Limit
Tryngolza (olezarsen) 80 mg/0.8 mL	1 autoinjector per month

# Coding

The following codes for treatments and procedures applicable to this document are included below for informational purposes. Inclusion or exclusion of a procedure, diagnosis or device code(s) does not constitute or imply member coverage or provider reimbursement policy. Please refer to the member's contract benefits in effect at the time of service to determine coverage or non-coverage of these services as it applies to an individual member.

#### **HCPCS**

C9399	Unclassified drugs or biologicals [when specified as Tryngolza (olezarsen)]
J3490	Unclassified drugs [when specified as Tryngolza (olezarsen)]

#### **ICD-10 Diagnosis**

All diagnosis pend

# **Document History**

New: 1/8/2025

Document History:

• 1/8/2025 – Select Review: New clinical criteria and quantity limit for Tryngolza. Administrative update to add documentation. Coding Reviewed: Added HCPCS NOC C9399, J3490, and all diagnosis pend.

# References

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- 2. DrugPoints® System [electronic version]. Truven Health Analytics, Greenwood Village, CO. Updated periodically.
- Grundy SM, Stone NJ, Bailey AL, et al. 2018 AHA/ACC/AACVPR/AAPA/ABC/ACPM/ ADA/AGS/APhA/ASPC/NLA/ PCNA guideline on the management of blood cholesterol: a report of the American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association Task Force on Clinical Practice Guidelines. J Am Coll Cardiol 2019;73:e285–350.
- 4. Lexi-Comp ONLINE<sup>™</sup> with AHFS<sup>™</sup>, Hudson, Ohio: Lexi-Comp, Inc. Updated periodically.
- 5. Regmi M, Rehman A. Familial Hyperchylomicronemia Syndrome. StatPearls [Internet]. Updated: August 8, 2023. Available at: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK551655/ Accessed: January 5, 2025.
- 6. Stroes ESG, Alexander VJ, Karwatowska-Prokopczuk E, et al. Olezarsen, Acute Pancreatitis, and Familial Chylomicronemia Syndrome. *N Engl J Med*. 2024;390(19):1781-1792.

Federal and state laws or requirements, contract language, and Plan utilization management programs or polices may take precedence over the application of this clinical criteria.

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